Faculty of Arts & Social Sciences

Syllabus

FOR

INTERDISCIPLINARY COURSES IN SOCIOLOGY (UG)

Examinations: 2019-20

GURU NANAK DEV UNIVERSITY
AMRITSAR

Note:  (i) Copy rights are reserved.
Nobody is allowed to print it in any form.
Defaulters will be prosecuted.

(ii) Subject to change in the syllabi at any time.
Please visit the University website time to time.
Interdisciplinary Course in Sociology (UG)

(ODD Semester)

Paper: SOL-001 : BASIC SOCIOLOGY

Time: 3Hrs.

Credits: 4
Total Marks: 100
Mid Semester Examination: 20% weightage (Marks:20)
End Semester Examination: 80 % weightage (Marks: 80)

Instructions for the Paper Setters:
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

Section - A

Introduction to sociology: Meaning, Nature, Scope, Subject matter and importance of Sociology, History of sociology, Sociology and common sense, Sociology and Social Sciences–Psychology, Economics, Political Science and History.

Section - B


Section - C


Section - D

Social control-meaning, agencies: formal and informal, importance.

References:

Interdisciplinary Course in Sociology (UG)

(EVEN Semester)

Paper: SOL-002 : INDIAN SOCIETY

Time: 3Hrs.

Credits: 4
Total Marks: 100
Mid Semester Examination: 20% weightage (Marks:20)
End Semester Examination: 80 % weightage (Marks: 80)

Instructions for the Paper Setters:
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

Section - A

Pluralistic Nature of Indian Society: History of Indian Society; Pluralistic Elements: religious, linguistic, caste, class; Affirmative action, Secularism.

Section - B

Structure and Composition: Rural Society: Definition, characteristics, problems and its changing nature.
Urban Society: Definition, characteristics, causes, problems and its changing nature.

Section - C

Structure and Composition: Tribal Society: Definition, Characteristics, problems and its changing nature.

Section - D


References:

1. Ahuja, Ram.2002. Society in India. New Delhi:Rawat Publications,
Interdisciplinary Course in Sociology (UG)