FACULTY OF LAWS

SYLLABUS

FOR

LL.B. (Three Years)
(For Colleges)
(SEMESTER: I–VI)

Session: 2019-20

GURUNANAKDEV UNIVERSITY
AMRITSAR

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(ii) Subject to change in the syllabi at any time.
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## SEMESTER-I

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr. No.</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Max, Marks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Constitutional Law of India – I</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Family Law – I</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Jurisprudence – I</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Law of Contract – I</td>
<td>100</td>
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<td>5.</td>
<td>Law of Tort including Motor Vehicle Accidents and Consumer Protection Laws</td>
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## SEMESTER-II

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Subject</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Constitutional Law of India – II</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Family Law – II</td>
<td>100</td>
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<td>3.</td>
<td>Jurisprudence –II</td>
<td>100</td>
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<td>4.</td>
<td>Law of Contract – II (Special Contracts)</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Public International Law</td>
<td>100</td>
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## LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER SYSTEM)

### SEMESTER – III

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr. No.</th>
<th>Subject</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Law of Crimes I (Indian Penal Law Code)</td>
<td>100</td>
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<td>2.</td>
<td>Principles of Taxation Law</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Property Law</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Professional Ethics and Professional Accounting System</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Administrative Law</td>
<td>100</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### SEMESTER-IV

<table>
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<th>Subject</th>
<th>Max. Marks</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Law Relating to Intellectual Property</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Law of Crimes –II (Indian Penal Law)</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Company Law-</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Labour Law-I</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td><strong>Any one of the following subjects:</strong></td>
<td><strong>100</strong></td>
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<tr>
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<td>(i) Principles of Legislation and Interpretation of Statutes</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Law and Medicine</td>
<td>100</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(iii) Disability Laws and Human Rights</td>
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<td>(iv) Law Relating to Insurance</td>
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<td>(v) Law Relating to Banking</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
## LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER-V)

### Sr. No. | Subject | Max. Marks
--- | --- | ---
1. | Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act | 100
2. | Labour Law- II | 100
3. | Environmental Law | 100
4. | Any one of the following subjects: | 100
   - i. Consumer Protection and Competition Law
   - ii. Law Relating to Bio-Technology and Breeders Right
   - iii. Indirect Taxation
   - iv. Law Relating to Geographical Indications and Bio-Diversity
   - v. Law Relating to Trade Secrets and Technology Transfer
5. | (i) International Humanitarian Law and Refugee Law | 100
   (ii) Criminology, Penology and Victimology | 100
   (iii) Cyber Laws | 100
   (iv) Women and Law | 100
   (v) Offences Against Child & Juvenile Delinquency | 100
6. | *Moot Court Exercise and Internship* | 50 Marks

* Marks of both Moot Court Exercise and Internship in 5th and 6th Semesters shall be clubbed together as 100 marks.
## SEMESTER VI

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr. No.</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Max. Marks</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Drafting, Pleading &amp; Conveyancing</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Law of Evidence</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Alternative Dispute Resolution</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Criminal Procedure Code</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td><strong>Any one of the following subjects:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(i) International Organizations</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) International Human Rights Law</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(iii) Land Laws including Tenure and Tenancy System</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(iv) Rent Law</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(v) Regulatory Laws</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(vi) Public Interest Litigation, Legal aid and Paralegal Legal Services</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(vii) Forensic Science and Law</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>(viii) Socio-Economic Offences</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ix) Small Acts (Registration, Courts Fees Act, Suit Valuation Act and Punjab Courts Act)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(x) Police and Prison Administration</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Moot Court Exercise and Internship</td>
<td>50 Marks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER-I)

Paper-I

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW OF INDIA –I

Time: 3 Hrs. 
Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

Constitutional History of India
Definitions and sources of Constitution
Salient Features of the Constitution of India

Union and its Territory (Art 1-4)
Preamble
Citizenship:
-Citizenship of India at the Commencement of the Constitution
-Citizenship after the commencement of the Constitution
-Modus of Acquisition of Citizenship
-Termination of Citizenship of India

Judgment:

SECTION B

Union Executive:
-Executive powers of the Union
-Qualification for election as President
-Procedure for impeachment of the President
-Powers and Position of the President
-The office of the Vice-President of India
-The Prime Minister and Council of Ministers

State Executive:
-The Governor
-Executive Powers of the Governor
-Powers of Governor
-The Chief Minister and Council of Ministers

Judgment:
Kehar Singh v. Union of India, AIR 1989 SC 653

SECTION C

-Definition of State (Art. 12)

Judicial Process under the Constitution:
-The Union Judiciary
-The Supreme Court
-Constitution of Supreme Court
-Procedure for Judicial Appointments
-Jurisdiction of Supreme Court

The State Judiciary:
-The High Courts
Congress of High Courts
- Appointment of Judges
- Jurisdiction of the High Courts
- Writs

Judgment:
Supreme Court Advocates on Record association v. Union of India 2016 (5) SCC.

SECTION D

Union Legislature:
- The Parliament
- Composition of Parliament
- Officers of Parliament
- Disqualification of Members
- Powers, Privileges and Immunities of Parliament and its Members
- Legislative Procedure
- Procedure in Financial Matters and Procedure Generally

State Legislature:
- Composition of the State Legislature
- Disqualification of Members
- Legislative Procedure
- Procedure in Financial Matters and Procedure Generally

Emergency Provisions:
- National Emergency
- State Emergency
- Financial Emergency

Judgments:
S.R.Bommai V. Union of India, AIR 1994 SC 1918
Union of India v. Harish Chandra Rawat & Anr. SLP No. 11567/2016 (Decided on May, 2016)

Suggested Readings:
Narendra Kumar - Constitutional Law of India
J.N. Pandey - Constitutional law of India

References:
M.P. Singh(Ed) - Shukla’s Constitution of India, Eastern Book Co., Lucknow
M.P Jain - Indian Constitutional Law
D.D. Basu - Shorter Constitution of India, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
Keshavnanda Bharti v. State of Kerala AIR 1973 SC 1461
FAMILY LAW– I

Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:-

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

Sources of Hindu Law and Muslim Law
- Custom, Equity, Legislation, Jurisprudential Aspects Particularly In Relation To Personal Laws
Application of Hindu Law, Muslim Law
— Nature of Marriage under Hindu Marriage Act, Special Marriage Act, Muslim Law
— Requirement and solemnization of valid marriage under Hindu Marriage Act, Special Marriage Act, Muslim Law
--- Restitution of Conjugal rights under Hindu Marriage Act, Special Marriage Act.

Judgments:

SECTION B

Under Hindu Marriage Act, Special Marriage Act & Muslim Law
— Nullity of Marriage
— Judicial separation
— Divorce
--- Divorce by Mutual Consent
--- Irretrievable Breakdown of Marriage

Judgments:

SECTION C

-- Maintenance under Hindu Law, Hindu Adoption & Maintenance Act, 1956
-- Maintenance under Muslim Law
-- Maintenance under Special Marriage Act, 1954
-- Maintenance under Sec. 125 of Cr. Pc
-- The Maintenance and Welfare of Parents and Senior Citizens Act, 2007
-- Prohibition of Child Marriage Restraint Act, 2006
-- Live in Relationship
SECTION D

—Salient Features of Hindu Law of Adoption
--- Inter-Country Adoption
—Acknowledgement of Legitimacy under Muslim Law

Judgments:

Suggested Readings:
Dr. R.K. Sinha : Muslim Law

References:
A A A Fayze : Outlines of Mohammedan Law
Mayne’s : Treatise on Hindu Law & Usage
Mulla’s : Principle of Hindu Law
B.M Gandhi : Hindu Law, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow
M.A Qureshi: Muslim Law
B.K. Sharma: : Hindu Law
217th Report of Law Commission of India on Irretrievable Breakdown of Marriage - Another Ground for Divorce
Seema v. Ashwini Kumar AIR 2006 SC 1158
Instructions for the Paper Setters:-
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

Jurisprudence
- Meaning, Definitions, Scope, Difficulties in Defining Jurisprudence

Nature of Jurisprudence
- Theological, Divine, Meta-physical, Scientific

Kinds of Jurisprudence
- General and Particular, Expository and Censorial

Legal Theory
- Meaning, Difference between Legal Theory and Jurisprudence

State and Sovereignty
- Meaning and Definitions of State, Elements of State, Theories of Origin of State, State and Law,
- Meaning and Definitions of Sovereignty, Theories of Sovereignty

SECTION B

Natural Law School
Different Periods/Theories:
– Greek Period
– Roman Period
– Middle Age/Medieval Period
– Modern or Classical Age
– Eclipse of Natural Law in 19th Century
– Revival of Natural Law in 20th Century
– Indian Perspective of Natural Law

Historical School
- Reasons for its emergence
- Friedrich Carl Von Savigny and His Theory of Volksgeist
- Puchta and His Theory of General Will
- Sir Henry Maine and His Anthropological Theory including Stages of Development of Law and Movement from Status to Contract

Judgments:
SECTION C

Analytical School
- Reasons for its Emergence
- Jeremy Bentham’s Utilitarianism
- John Austin’s Command Theory
- Herbert Lionel Adolphus Hart’s Primary and Secondary Rule
- Indian Perspective of Analytical School

Pure Theory of Law by Hans Kelsen

Personality

Judgments:

SECTION D

Legal Research
- Meaning
- Legal Research Methods – Doctrinal and Empirical
- Types of Legal research: Comparative, Descriptive and Socio-Legal

Ethical Standards for Research

Research Design
- Meaning, Contents, Components and Characteristics

Hypothesis
- Meaning, Formation of Hypothesis and Types of Hypothesis

Plagiarism

Suggested Readings:
- Nomita Aggarwal: Jurisprudence (Legal Theory)
- Tripathi: Jurisprudence (Legal Theory)
- Dr. S.R. Myneni: Legal Research Methodology

References:
- N.V. Paranjape: Studies in Jurisprudence and Legal Theory
- S.N. Dhyani: Jurisprudence and Legal Theory
- Edgar Bodenheimer: Jurisprudence: The Philosophy and Method of the Law
- R.W.B. Dias: Dias Jurisprudence
- C.R. Kothari: Research Methodology
- Ratan Singh: Legal Research Methodology
- Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India AIR 1978 SC 597
- Roshan Lal Tandon v. Union of India (1968) ILJ 576 SC
LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER-I)

Paper IV  LAW OF CONTRACT-I  Total Marks: 100
Time: 3 Hrs.

Instructions for the Paper Setters:-

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

Indian Contract Act, 1872
- Contract: its meaning, Nature and types
- Online Contract, E- Commerce, M- Commerce Contracts
- Essentials of a valid contract
- Formation of an Agreement: Offer and Acceptance
- Consideration
- Capacity to Contract
- Standard Form of contracts

Judgments:
- Ranganayakamma & Anr v. K.S. Prakash (D) By Lrs & ors 2008 (15) SCC 673
- Khan Gul v. Lakha Singh AIR 1928 Lah. 609

SECTION B

- Free Consent
- Coercion
- Unique Influence
- Fraud
- Misrepresentation
- Mistake
- Legality of Consideration and Object
- Void Agreements

Judgements:
Commissioner of Customs (Preventive) v. m/S Aafloat Textiles 2009 SC

SECTION C

- Contingent Contracts
- Performance and discharge of Contract
- Breach of Contract and Remedies for its Breach
- Quasi Contracts

Judgments:
Ghaziabad Development Authority v. Union of India AIR 2000 SC 2003
Moti Lal Jain v. Ramdasi Devi AIR 2000 SC 2408
SECTION D

Specific Relief Act 1963
-Specific Performance of Contract
-Contracts which can be specifically enforced (Sec 10-13)
-Contracts which cannot be specifically enforced (Sec 10-13)
-Injunctions (Sec 36-42)

Judgements:

Suggested Readings:
R.K. Bangia: Indian Contract Act Alahabad Law

References:
S.S. Srivastava: Law of Contract - I & II with specific Relief Act, Sale of Goods Act,
Anson: Law of Contract
Dutt: Law of Contract
Pollock & Mulla: Indian Contract Act Specific Relief Act
Instructions for the Paper Setters:-

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

-Evolution, Definition, Pigeon Hole Theory, Nature and Scope of Torts
-Damnum Sine Injuria
-Injuria Sine Damno
-General Defences
-Principles of Liability in Torts
-Vicarious liability
-State Liability
-Strict and Absolute liability

Judgments:

SECTION B

-Negligence
-Nuisance
-Defamaton
-Tress Pass against Immovable Land
-Chattels
-Assault
-Battery

Judgments:
SECTION C


Judgments:

SECTION D

- History and Need of Consumer Protection
- Consumer Rights Under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986 (As amended)
- Consumer Councils
  District Forum
  State Commission
  National Commission

Judgments:
Om Parkash Grover v. Mr. S.C.Singhal (2016), Suit No.93468/16 and 96023/16.

Suggested Readings:
D.D. Basu: Law of Torts
R.K. Bangia: Law of Torts

References:
P.A.S. Pillaii : The Law of Torts
Gurjeet Singh: Law of Consumer Protection in India
D.N. Saraf: Law of Consumer Protection
M.N. Shukla: The Law of Torts and Consumer Protection Act
Consumer Protection Act 1986
The Motor Vehicle Act 1988
The Motor Vehicle (Amendment) Bill 2017
LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER-II)

Paper-I CONSTITUTIONAL LAW OF INDIA-II

Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:-

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

-Relationship between the Union and States: Legislative, Administrative, Financial
-Introduction to Lists
-Union List
-State List
-Concurrent List

Fundamental Rights:
-Laws inconsistent with or in the derogation of Fundamental Rights (Art.13)
-Right to Equality (Art. 14 to 18)

Judgment:
Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India, AIR 1978 SC 597

SECTION B

-Right to Freedom (Art. 19 to 22)
-Right against Exploitation (Art. 23 to 24)
-Right to Freedom of Religion (Art. 25 to 28)

Judgments:
Aruna Roy v. Union of India, AIR 2002 SC 3176

SECTION C

Fundamental Rights:
-Cultural and Educational Rights (Art. 29 to 30)
-Right to Constitutional Remedies (Art. 32)
-Relationship between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles

Fundamental Duties

Judgments:
Shyam Narayan Chouksey v. Union of India, Decided on 9th December 2016
Civil Services under the Constitution (Arts. 309-311)
- Recruitment and Conditions of Service of persons serving the Union or a State
- Tenure of Office, Doctrine of Pleasure
- Dismissal, Removal or reduction in rank of persons employed in civil capacities under the Union or State
- Amendment of the Constitution (Art. 368)
- Freedom of Trade, Commerce and Intercourse (Art. 301 – 307)

Judgments:
T.S.R Subramanium v. Union of India AIR 2014 SC 263
Keshavnanda Bharti v. State of Kerala AIR 1973 SC 1461

Suggested Readings:
Narendra Kumar- Constitutional Law of India
J.N. Pandey- Constitutional law of India

References:
M.P. Singh(Ed) - Shukla’s Constitution of India, Eastern Book Co., Lucknow
M.P Jain - Indian Constitutional Law
D.D. Basu - Shorter Constitution of India, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi

Keshavnanda Bharti v. State of Kerala AIR 1973 SC 1461
In Re-Presidential Reference AIR 1999 SC1
Paper-II  
FAMILY LAW – II  
Time: 3 Hrs.  
Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:-

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A
—Mitakshara Hindu Joint Family, its Compositions and features.
---Coparcenary, Incidents of Hindu Coparcenary
---Incidents of Hindu Joint Family Property & Separate Property
—Joint Family Property & its Alienation
—Manager (Karta): His position, power and liabilities

Judgments:

SECTION B
--Debts under Mitakshara Law
--Partition of joint family property
--Persons entitled to demand Partition
--Partition how Effect; suit for Partition
--Reopening of Partition
--Reunion

Judgments:

SECTION C
--Hindu Succession Act, 1956
-Principles of Succession under Muslim Law
--Hiba: concept, formalities, capacity, revocability
--Wasiyat:concept and formalities
--Hindu Minority & Guardianship Act, 1956

Judgments:
SECTION D

-- Dowry Prohibition Act 1961: Definition, Offences & Penalties

-- Salient features of Uniform Civil Code

-- Family Courts Act, 1984

Judgments:


Suggested Readings:

Paras Diwan: Hindu Law, Wadhwa & Co., Allahabad
Poonam Pardhan: Lectures on Family Law, Butterworths, (Latest edition)

References:

Mayne’: Treatise on Hindu Law & Usage.
B.M Gandhi: Hindu Law, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow
M.A Qureshi: Muslim Law
Faizee: Outlines of Mohammaden Law
B.K Sharma: Hindu Law
Instructions for the Paper Setters:-
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

Sociological School
- Reasons for its Emergence
- Rudolf Von Ihering’s ‘Purpose of Law’
- Eugen Eherlich’s ‘Living Law’
- Leon Duguit’s ‘Social Solidarity’
- Roscoe Pound’s ‘Social Engineering’ and ‘Jural Postulates’
- Indian Perspective of Sociological School

Realist School
American Realism:
- J.C. Gray
- Oliver Wendell Holmes
- Jerome N. Frank
- Karl Llewellyn

Scandinavian Realism:
- Alf Ross
- Oliver Crona
- Axel Hagerstorm
- W. Lundsted

Judgment:
Chameli Singh v. State of UP, 1996 (2) SCC 549

SECTION B

Judicial Activism and Public Interest Litigation
Administration of Justice
- Object and Meaning
- Civil Administration of Justice
- Theories of Punishment
LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER-II)

Rights and Duties
- Meaning of Right
- Theories of Right
- Elements of Right
- Right-Duty Relationship in Wider Sense (Hohfeld)
- Classification of Rights and Duties

Judgments:

SECTION C

Possession
- Meaning
- Possession in Fact and Possession in Law
- Savigny’s Theory of Possession
- Possession in Common Law
- Rights of Possessor
- Kinds of Possession
- Acquisition of Possession

Ownership
- Meaning
- Definition
- Rights of Ownership
- Classification of Ownership
- Modes of Acquisition of Ownership

Property:
- Meaning
- Theories of Property
- Kinds of Property
- Modes of Acquisition
- Roscoe Pound’s Social Engineering

Judgments:

SECTION D

Sources of Law

Custom:
- Origin
- Essentials of Valid Custom
- Classification of Custom
Legislation:
- Meaning
- Kinds
- Delegated Legislation

Precedent:
- Doctrine of Prospective Overruling
- Stare Decisis
- Ratio Decidendi
- Obiter Dictum

Law and Social Change

Judgments:
Vishakha v. State of Rajasthan, AIR 1997 SC 3011
State of Tamil Nadu v. K. Balu & Anr. (2017) 2 SCC 281

Suggested Readings:
Tripathi: Jurisprudence (Legal Theory)
S.N. Dhyani: Jurisprudence and Legal Theory

References:
Nomita Aggarwal: Jurisprudence (Legal Theory)
Dias: Jurisprudence
John D. Finch: Introduction to Legal Theory
LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER-II)

Paper-IV LAW OF CONTRACT –II (SPECIAL CONTRACTS)

Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:-
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

Indian Contract Act, 1872
- Concept of Indemnity and Guarantee (Section 124-147)
- Bailment (Section 148 to 171, 180, 181)
- Pledge (Section 172-179)
- Agency (Section 182-238)

Judgments:
Lalbhai Trading Company v. Union Of India (2006) 1 GLR 497

SECTION B

Sales of Goods Act, 1930
- Difference between Agreement to Sell and Sale (Section 4)
- Condition and Warranties (Section 11-17)
- Transfer of Property between Seller and Buyer (Section 18-26)
- Transfer of Title (Section 27-30)

Judgments:
Aluminum Industries Ltd., v. Minerals and Metals Trading AIR 1998 Mad 239

SECTION C

Indian Partnership, Act
- Definition of Partnership
- Relationship of Partners Inter-se (Section 9-17)
- Relationship of Partners to Third Party (Section 18-30)
- Minor admitted to the benefits of partnership (Section 30)
- Dissolution of Firm (Section 39-55)

Judgments:
Raghu Lakshminarayan v. Fine Tubes AIR 2007 SC 1634
Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) Act, 2008
- Nature and Scope of Limited Liability Partnership
- Difference between Partnership and LLP
- Rights and Liabilities of Partners
- Registration and Its effect
- Winding Up procedure

Judgment:
Santi Prasad v. Shankar Mahto AIR 2005 SC 290

Suggested Readings:

References:
SubhaRao: Law of Specific Relief
Anson: Law of Contract
Dutt: Law of Contract
Pollock &Mulla: Indian Contract Act Specific Relief Act
Instructions for the Paper Setters:-
Eight questions of equal marks (specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

-Definition of International Law
-Nature and Basis of International Law
-Sources of International Law
-Subjects of International Law
-Relationship between International Law and Municipal Law

SECTION B

-Law of the Sea, Including:
Territorial Waters
Continental Shelf
Contiguous Zone
Exclusive Economic Zone

SECTION C

-State Territory:
Modes of Acquisition and Loss of Territorial Sovereignty
Recognition of States

-Settlement of Disputes:
Peaceful Methods and Forcible Methods
-Law of Treaties
-Intervention
SECTION D

- Individual and the State:
  Nationality
  Extradition
  Asylum
- War:
  Definition of War
  Effects of the Outbreak of War

Suggested Readings:
S.K. Kapoor: International Law, Central Law Agency
H.O. Aggarwal: International Law

References:
J. G. Starke: Introduction to International Law
M.P. Tandon: International Law, Allahabad Law Agency
S.K. Verma: International Law
Paras Diwan: Human Rights and the Law,
Paper-I

LAW OF CRIMES-I (Indian Penal Code)

Time: 3 Hrs. 
Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:-
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A
Title and Territorial Operation (Sections 1 to 4)
General Explanations (Sections 6 to 33 and (Sections 39 to 52-A)
Joint Liability (Sections 34 to 38 and (Section 149)

Judgments:
2. Rajkishore Purohit v. State of M.P. AIR 2017 SC 3588

SECTION B
General Exceptions (Sections 76 to 106)
Abetment (Sections 107 to 120)
Criminal Conspiracy (Sections 120-A and 120-B)

Judgments:
1. Bhagwan Sahai v. State of Rajasthan 2016(3) Recent Apx Judgments 644

SECTION C
Offences against the State (Sections 121 to 124-A)
Offences related to Religion (Sections 295 to 298)
Offences related to Marriage (Sections 493 to 498-A)

Judgments:
2. Joseph Shine v. Union of India, W.P (Criminal) no. 194 of 2017

SECTION D
Offences affecting Life (Sections 299 to 309)
Hurt and Grievous Hurt (Sections 319 to 338)
Wrongful Restraint and Wrongful Confinement (Sections 339 to 348)
Force, Criminal Force, Assault and their aggravated forms (Sections 349 to 358)
Kidnapping and Abduction (Sections 359 to 369)
Sexual Offences (Sections 375 to 377)

Judgments:
2. Navtej Singh Johar and others v. Union of India W.P (Criminal) no. 76 of 2016

Suggested Readings:
- Penal Law of India - Dr. Sir H.S. Gaur
- Law of Crimes – Bhattacharya
References:
- Law of Crimes - Rattan Lal Dhiraj Lal
- Indian Penal Code - Basu
- Indian Penal Code - S.N. Mishra
- Indian Penal Code - Rajesh Tandn
- Law of Crimes - Shamsul Huda
- Indian Penal Code - R.A. Nelson
- Indian Penal Code - R.N. Sexena

Reference Cases:
Tukaram v. State of Maharashtra, AIR 1979 SC 195
Abhyanand Mishra v. State of Bihar, AIR 1961
SarlaMudgal v. Union of India, 1955 (3) SCC 635
Basudev v. State of Pepsu, AIR 1956 SC
Bishna v. State of West Bengal AIR 2006 SC 302
Rajesh Sharma and ors. V. State of U.P. and anr.AIR 2017 Supreme Court 3869
Ram Avtar Sah v. State Of Bihar 2002 CriLJ 3899 (SC)
Republic of Itlay & Others v. Union of India &Ors. (2013) 4 SCC721
S. Khushboo v. Kanniammal and Anr., AIR 2010 SC 3196
Manzar Sayeed Khan V. State of Maharashtra, 2007 Cr. L.J. 2959 (SC)
Paper-II PRINCIPLES OF TAXATION LAW

Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:-
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A
Income Tax Act, 1961
- Definitions under Income Tax Act, 1961 such as- Assesses, Person, Income, Previous Year,
- Assessment Year, Resident & Non-Resident status, Assessing Authority, Agricultural Income Assessment etc. (Ss. 2 & 3 etc.)
- Basis of Charge (Section 4-9)
- Exempted Incomes (Section 10)
- Difference between Capital Receipt & Revenue Receipt

Judgments:

SECTION B
- Salaries, Perquisites, Profit in lieu of Salary and Deductions from Salary (Ss. 15-17)
- Income from House Property, Deductions (Ss. 22-25)
- Concept of taxability of Profits and Gains from Business and Profession
- Income from Capital Gains

Judgments:

SECTION C
- Income from Other Sources
- Clubbing of Income
- Set Off and Carry Forward of Losses
- Permissible Deductions from Gross Total Income u/s 80-C to 80U

Judgments:
CIT v. Dr. V.P. Gopinathan [2001] 248 ITR 449 SC.

SECTION D
- Assessment of Tax (Ss. 139-143, 147)
- Best Judgement Assesment 144,145
- Rectification of Mistake (Sec. 154)
- Interest Sec 234A to 234D
- Penalties
Judgments:


Suggested Readings:

Girish Ahuja, Dr Ravi Gupta; Practical Approach to Income tax

Kailash Rai; Taxation Laws

References:

V.K. Singhania; Direct Tax Law and Practice

V.P. Gaur and D.B. Narang; Income Tax and Practice
instructions for the Paper Setters:
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION-A

Transfer of Property Act
-Concept of Immovable Property
-Attestation
-Actionable Claims
-Transfer of Property (S. 5-24)

Judgments:
-Vishwa Nath V/s Ramraj & Others AIR 1991 All 193

SECTION-B

-Doctrine of Election S. 35
-Doctrine of lis Pendens S. 52
-Feeding the Grant by Estoppel S. 43
-Fraudulent transfer S. 53 A

Judgments:
- Om Parkash V/s Jai Parkash AIR 1992 SC 885
- Nathu Lal V/s Phool Chand AIR 1970 SC 546

SECTION-C

-Sale S.54-56
-Mortgage (S. 58-78)
-Kinds
-Rights and Liabilities of Mortgager
-Rights and Liabilities of Mortgagee
-Marshaling Securities (S. 81)
-Contribution to Mortgage Debt (S. 82)
-Redemption (S. 91)
-Subrogation (S. 92)
-Charge (S. 100-102)

Judgments:
-Videocon Properties Ltd V/s Dr. Bhalchandra Laboratories & Others AIR 2003
-Ramesh Dwarkadas Mehra vs Indravati Dwarkadas Mehra AIR 2001 Bom 470
SECTION-D

- Leases of Immovable property (S. 105-117)
- Indian Easement Act
- Concept of Easement (S. 4-7)
- Extinction, Suspension & Revival of Easements (S. 37-51)
- Licences (S. 52-64)

Judgments:
- Maheshwari Prasad v. Munni Lal, AIR 1981 Allah 438
- Mathew Varghese V.M. Amritha Kumar, AIR2015 SC 50

Suggested Readings:
- Prof. R.K. Sinha: Transfer of Property Act
- Dr. S.N. Shukla : Transfer of Property Act
- Dr. G.P. Tripathi : The Transfer of Property Act
- S.M. Shah : Lectures on Transfer of Property
- G.M. Sen : The Law of Property
- D.F. Mulla : Transfer of Property Act
- B.B. Mitra : Transfer of Property Act
Paper-IV PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A
Legal Profession in India-Evolution, Historical Development and Regulations
Legal Profession and its responsibilities; the equipment of the lawyer; conduct in the Court
Professional conduct in general

Advocacy & Professional Ethics:
- Advocates’ Act, 1961 Chapter V & VI (Ss. 35-45)
- Bar Council of India Rules, Part VI & VII

Judgments:
C.K. Daftri v. O.P. Gupta, AIR 1971 SC 1122

SECTION B
Contempt Law & Practice:
- Contempt of Courts Act, 1971
- Constitutional Provisions Regarding: Powers of Supreme Court, High Courts, Houses of Parliament & State Legislatures for Punishing for their Contempt

Judgments:
In re Vinay Chandra Mishra, AIR 1995 SC 2349 36
Suo Motu Contempt Petition (Criminal) No.5 (2016)

SECTION C
Prescribed opinions of Bar Council of India:
In Re: Vinay Chandra MidhraContentmt Petition (Criminal) No. 3 of 1994.
SECTION D


Suggested Readings:

Krishnaswamy lyer: Professional Conduct of Advocacy
A.N. Chaturvedi: Principles & Forms of Pleadings & Conveyance

References:

Advocacy & Bar Council of India - selected Judgments of Professional Ethics
N.R. Madhava Menon: Clinical Legal Education
M.P. Jain: Indian Legal History
LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER-III)

Paper-V

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

Time: 3 Hrs.  Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

Evolution of Administrative Law in India
Definition Meaning, Nature and Scope of Administrative Law, Administrative Law in Post Liberalisation Era
Relationship between Constitutional and Administrative Law
Droit Administratif
Doctrines of Separation of Powers, Rule of Law and Legitimate Expectation with reference to India

Judgments:
Ram Jawaya Kapoor v. State of Punjab, AIR 1955 SC 549

SECTION B

Delegated Legislation-Reasons, Types, Permissible Limits and Controls
Administrative Adjudication
Necessity, Structure and Procedure of Tribunals, Tribunal System in India
Natural Justice and its exceptions

Judgments:
Raj Narain Singh v. Chairman, Patna Administration Committee, AIR 1964 SC 569
A.K. Kraipak v. Union of India, AIR 1970 SC 150
Hira Nath Mishra v. Principal, Rajendra Medical College, AIR 1973 SC 1260

SECTION C

The Concept of Post-Decisional Hearing
Institutional Decisions
Judicial Review of Administrative Action
Public Law Review and Private Law Remedies
Exclusion of Judicial Review

SECTION D

Public Interest Litigation and its Emerging Dimensions
Right to Information Act, 2005- Objectives & Salient Features
Right to Service/ Punjab Transparency & Accountability in delivery of Public Services, Act 2018
Institution of Ombudsman- Lokpal in India, Punjab
Judgments:
Som Parkash Rekhi v. Union of India, AIR 1981 SC 212-49
Secretary General Supreme Court of India v. Subhash Chandra Aggarwal Delhi HC 12/1/2010

Suggested Readings:
I.P. Massey: Administrative Law, Eastern Book Co., Lucknow
C. K. Takwani: Administrative Law in India, Eastern Law Book Co., Lucknow

References:
D.D. Basu: Administrative Law, Kamal Law House, Calcutta
Jain and Jain: Principles of Administrative Law, N.M. Tripathi, Mumbai
Harlow and Rawlings: Law and Administration (London, 1997)
Paper-I  LAW RELATING TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Time: 3 Hrs.  Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A
-International Instruments relating to Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights
-Judgments:

SECTION B
-Salient features of Indian Patent Act, 1970 with amendments
  Definitions, Sec. 3-1, 11A-21, 57-66,116-124.
-Salient features of Copyright Act, 1957 with amendments
  Definitions, Sec. 9-16, 17-21, 30-32B,51-62, 63-73.
-Judgments:
  Indian Express Newspapers Pvt.Ltd. v. Dr. Jagmohan AIR 1985 Bom 229.

SECTION C
-Salient features of Designs Act, 2000
  Definitions, Sec. 4-10, 11-20, 22-23, 32-42
-Judgments:
  M/s. Meghraj Biscuits v. Com. of Central AIR 2007 SC 1433

SECTION D
-Salient features of Trade Mark Act, 1999 with amendments
  Definitions, Sec. 3-17, 18-36, 37-56, 83-121
-Judgments:

Suggested Readings:
T. Ramappa: Intellectual Property Rights Law in India, Asia Law House, Hyderabad, 2010
LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER-IV)

Paper-II   LAW OF CRIMES-II (INDIAN PENAL LAW)

Time: 3 Hrs.                     Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

Theft (Sections 378 to 382)
Extortion (Sections 383 to 389)
Robbery and Dacoity (Sections 390 to 402)
Criminal Misappropriation of Property (Sections 403 and 404)
Criminal Breach of Trust (Sections 405 to 409)
Receiving Stolen Property (Sections 410 to 414)

Judgments:
1. P.N. Mahanan Nair v. State of Kerala 2017(3) R.C.R(Criminal) 646

SECTION B

Cheating (Sections 415 to 424)
Mischief (Sections 425 to 440)
Criminal Trespass (Sections 441 to 462)

Judgments:

SECTION C

Offences relating to Elections (Sections 171-A to 171-I)
Offences Affecting the Public Health and Safety (Sections 268 to 276)
Offences relating to Documents and Property Marks (Sections 463 to 489E)

Judgments:
2. Mr. ‘X’ v. Hospital ‘Z’ AIR 2003 SC 664
SECTION D

False Evidence (Sections 191 to 204)
Criminal Intimidation, Insult and Annoyance (Sections 503 to 510)
Defamation (Sections 499 to 502)
Attempt (Section 511)

Judgments:
2. Editor, Deccan Herald v. M.S. Ramaraju 2005 Criminal Law Journal 2672

Suggested Readings:
- Penal Law of India - Dr. Sir H.S. Gaur
- Law of Crimes – Bhattacharya

References:
Organised Crime- Prafullah Padhy
Criminology and Penology- J.P.S Sirohi
United Nations Convention against Transnational Organised Crime
Maharashtra control of Organised Crime Act 1999
Gujarat Control of Terrorism & OrganisedCrime Act
Punjab Control of Terrorism & Organised Bill
Austria’s Penal Code
Paper-III  COMPANY LAW

Time: 3 Hrs.  

Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A
History, Evolution and development of Company Law in India
Corporate Personality: Advantages & Disadvantages of Incorporation
Lifting the Corporate Veil
Kinds of Companies; Private and Public Company, Holding and subsidiary Company, One man Company, Associate Company, Small Company, Guarantee Companies, Government Companies, Foreign Companies
Judgments:

SECTION B
Registration of a Company (Public and Private)
Memorandum of Association, Doctrine of Ultra Vires
Articles of Association, Doctrine of Indoor Management
Prospectus; Contents of prospectus, Shelf prospectus, Red herring prospectus
Judgments:
Lakshmanaswami Mudaliar v. HC, AIR 1963 SC 1185

SECTION C
Position and Appointment of Directors, their Powers and Duties
Promoters; their powers and duties
Company Meetings
Oppression and Mismanagement
Judgments:
Shanti Prasad Jain v. Kalinga Tubes Ltd. AIR 1965 SC 1535.
Bajaj Auto Ltd. V. N.K. Firodia & others, AIR 1971 SC 321.
SECTION D

Raising of Funds for Business Shares
Share capital
Debentures
Share-holders and Debenture holders
Winding Up: Grounds and Effects

Judgments:

Suggested Readings:
Avtar Singh: Company Law, Eastern Book Co., Lucknow
Taxman’s: Company Law & Practice

References:
1. S.M. Shan: Lectures on Company Law, N.M. Tripathi, Mumbai
2. Topham and Ivamy: Company Law, Butterworths
Paper-IV  LABOUR LAW-I

Time: 3 Hrs.  Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
-Definitions
-Authorities for settlement of disputes
-Methods of settlement, Collective Bargaining, Conciliation, Arbitration and Adjudication
-Courts of Enquiry, Labour Courts and National Tribunal
-Strikes and Lock-outs
-Lay off, Retrenchment
-Change of Service Conditions

Industrial Discipline and Misconduct

Judgments:-
Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Board v. A. Rajappa & others, AIR 1978 SC 548

SECTION B

Trade Union Act, 1926
Minimum Wages Act, 1948

Judgments:-

SECTION C

Payment of Bonus Act, 1965
Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972

Judgments:

SECTION D

Employer’s Liability Act, 1938
Employees Provident Fund & Misc Provisions Act, 1952
The Employees States Insurance Act, 1948:
-Definitions
-Benefits under the Act

Judgments:
ESIC v. Hotel Corporation of Delhi 2008 LLR 640 (Del HC).

Suggested Readings:
S.N. Mishra: Law of Industrial Labour Relations All. Law Agency
S.C. Srivastava: Industrial Relations and Labour Law
Paper-V  Opt (i) PRINCIPLES OF LEGISLATION AND INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES

Time: 3 Hrs.  Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

Principles of Legislation:
- Statute-Meaning and Classification
- General Principles of Interpretation: Literal or Grammatical Interpretation:
  - The Mischief Rule
  - The Golden Rule
  - Harmonious Construction

Judgments:
Godrej and Boyce Manufacturing Company Ltd v. Dy. Commissioner of Income Tax and another AIR 2017 SC 2675
Power Machines India Limited v. State of Madhya Pradesh and Others AIR 2017 SC 2567

SECTION B

Maxims:
- Ut Res MagisValeat Quam Pereat
- ExpressioUniusEstExclusioAlterius
- Noscitur A Sociis
- Ejusdem Generis
- Contemporanea Expositioestfortissima in lege

SECTION C

Internal Aids to Construction
- Short Title
- Long Title
- Preamble
- Marginal Notes
- Headings
- Definition or Interpretation clauses
- Provisos
- Illustrations
- Exceptions and Saving Clauses
- Explanations
- Schedules and Punctuation

Judgments:
Union of India v. Rajiv Kumar AIR 2003 SC 2917
External Aids to Interpretation
-Dictionaries
-Use of foreign decisions
-Text Books
-Historical Background
-Legislative History
-Administrative convincing and Commercial Practice
-Construction of Taxing Statutes
-Remedial and Penal Statutes
-Liberal Construction of Remedial Statutes
-Strict Construction of Penal Statutes
-Mens Rea in statutory offences
-Vicarious responsibility in statutory offences and Mens Rea under the Indian Penal Code.

Judgments:
Aruna Roy v. Union of India, AIR 2002 SC 3176
Rakesh Kumar Paul v. State of Assam AIR 2017 Supreme Court 3948
Re: Exploitation of Children in Orphanages in the State of Tamil Nadu v. Union of India and others AIR 2017 Supreme Court 2546

Suggested Readings:

Reference Readings:
Swarup Jagdish, Legislation and Interpretation.
P. St. Langan (Ed.). Maxwell on The Interpretation of Statutes (1976) N.M. Tripathi, Bombay.

Case References:
Nathi Devi v. Radha Devi, AIR 2005 SC 648
Ashwini Kumar Singh v. U.P. Public Service Commission, AIR 2003 SC 2661
Kavita G. Pillai v. Joint Director, Director of Enforcement, Govt of India, Cochin AIR 2017 Kerala 12
Paper-V Opt (ii) LAW AND MEDICINE

Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

System of Medicines
Medical Profession & Ethics:
—Constitution, Powers & Functions of Medical Council of India
—Constitution, Powers & Functions of Central Council of Indian Medicine
—Problem of quackery and Role of Judiciary in preventing quackery

Judgments:
Poonam Verma v. Ashwin Patel & Others, AIR 1996 SC 2111

SECTION B

Mental Health Act, 1987:
—Institution for Treatment of Mentally ill Persons
—Treatment of Custody
—Human Rights of Mentally ill Persons

Judgments:
Rajesh Kumar Sharma v. Director Animal Husbandry & Veterinary Services Orissa, AIR 2006 Ori 42 (DB).
Social Jurist, A Lawyer’s Group v. Union of India and others, AIR 2004 Del 278 (DB).

SECTION C

Problem of Drugs Abuse & Drug Addictions.
Causes, Consequences & Remedial Measures.
The Problem of Aids and its Socio-Medico Legal Aspects.

Judgment:
Laxman Thamappa Kotgiri v. G.M.Central Railways and others, 2006 CTJ 1076 (SC) (CP).

SECTION D

Legal Regulation of transplantation & Human Organs
Legal Regulation of Prenatal Diagnostic Techniques
Medical Termination of Pregnancy, Artificial Insemination

Judgments:
Dr. Kamal Saha v. Dr. Sukumar Mukherjee and others, 2006 CTJ 734 (CP (NCDRC)
Kuldip Singh and another V. State of Tamil Nadu and others, AIR 2005 SC 2106.
Suggested Readings:
The Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940
The Indian Medical Council Act, 1956
The Indian Medicine Control Council Act, 1970
Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971

References:
Mental Health Act, 1987
Transplantation of Human Organs Act, 1994
Instructions for the Paper Setters:
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A

Special Laws and Policies for Persons with Disabilities
Disability question in jurisprudence discourse:-
The equality
Justice
Welfare models

SECTION B

Principles for the protection of persons with mental illness and improvement of mental health care.
Standard Rules on Equalization of Opportunities for Persons with Disability, 1993 Mental Health Act, 1993
Declaration on Mentally Retarded Persons 1971

SECTION C

International Norms for Protection of Disabled
UN General Assembly Declaration on the Rights of Disabled Persons 975
Draft Convention on Disability

SECTION D

Disability:
-Marginalization
-Oppression and Discrimination
-Accessibility to build Environment
-Transport Access to Education
-Equality of Opportunity in Employment

Suggested Readings:
Dr. G.N. Karna, United States and Rights of Disabled Persons
U.N. Declaration on the Rights of Persons with Disability
The Persons with Disability Act, 1995
Paper-V Opt (iv)  LAW RELATING TO INSURANCE

Time: 3 Hrs.  Total Marks: 100

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A
Origin, History and Development of Life Insurance in India
Life Insurance Corporation Act, 1956

Judgment:
Smt. Prema & Others v. LIC of India 2006 (CLJ 858 (P))

SECTION B
Non-Life Insurance Contracts
Nature and Functions of Insurance Contract
Difference Between Insurance Contract and Wagering Contracts Proposal,
Acceptance, Competence of the Parties, Lawful Consideration, Lawful Object.

Judgments:
United India Assurance Co. Ltd., v. Ajmer Singh General Mills, AIR 1999 SC 3027
Oberoi Forwarding Agency v. New India Assurance Co.Ltd., AIR 2000 SC 855

SECTION C
Insurable Interest
Doctrine of Utmost Good Faith
Indemnity, Subrogation and Contribution
Assignment and Nomination

Judgments:
M/S. Shree Ram Swara Centre v. St. of Bihar, AIR 2007 Pat. 97

SECTION D
Doctrine of Proximate Cause
Representation and Warranty
Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 1999
Judgments:
United India Insurance Co. Ltd. v. Manubhai Dharmasinhbhai Gajera 2008 (9) SCR 778

Suggested Readings:
Principles of Insurance Laws - M.N. Srinivasan
Law of Insurance - A. Singh

Reference Books:
Insurance Law Manual -- Kaushal & Mohanty
Insurance Manual – TaxMann
Handbook on Insurance Laws -- Gyanendra Kumar
Manual of Insurance Laws -- Bharat
Insurance Principles and Practice – M.N. Mishra
Instructions for the Paper Setters:
Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION A
Historical Perspective, emergence and importance of commercial banking
Kinds of banks and their functions
Banking Regulation Act, 1949

Judgment:

SECTION B
The Banking Ombudsman Scheme, 1995
Liability under Consumer Protection Act, 1986
Legal Regime to Control Banking Frauds

Judgments:
Central Bank of India v. Madan Chandra Brahma, AIR 2008 SC 15
Sudhir Shanti Lal Mehta v. C.B.I., (2009) 8 SCC 1

SECTION C
Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993
The Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881

Judgments:
Sunil Poddar & Others v. Union Bank of India, AIR 2008 SC 1006
Vinedale Distilleries Ltd. v. Dena Bank, (2010) 3 SCC 466

SECTION D
Sarfaesi Act, 2002- Salient Features, Key Features of Sarfaesi (Amendment) Act, 2016
Recent Trends in Banking : Automatic Teller Machine and Internet Banking, Smart Cards, Credit Cards
Judgments:

Suggested Readings:
Avtar Singh, Negotiable Instruments Act
P.N. Varshney, Banking Law and Practice, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi

Reference Books:
K.P.M., Sundhram, Banking Theory: Law and Practice, Sultan Chand & Co. Ltd. New Delhi
Basu, Review of Current Banking: Theory and Practice
B.M. Lal Nigam, Banking Law & Practice, Konark, New Delhi
L.C. Goyle, The Law of Banking and Bankers
M.S. Parthasarthy (Ed.), Khergamvala, Negotiable Instruments Act
Paper-I CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE AND LIMITATION ACT

Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is
to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three
questions from each unit. 20 Marks

Section- B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in
2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt
two questions from each unit. 48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages.
One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two
questions. 32 Marks

UNIT- I

Civil Procedure Code:
Definitions (S. 2)
—Courts to Try All Civil Suits Unless Barred (S. 9)
—Stay of Suit (S. 10)
—Res-Judicata (S. 11)
—Place of Suing (Ss. 15-20)
—Parties to the suit (Order I)
—Summoning of Parties (Ss. 27, 29 & Order V)

Judgments:
NDMC v. Satish Chand, AIR 2003 SC 3137.

UNIT- II

—Appearance of Parties and Consequence of Non-Appearance (Order IX)
—Summoning of Witnesses (Order XVI, XVI-A)
—Plaint and Written Statement (Order VI & VII, VIII )
—Framing of Issues (Order XIV)
—Definition of Court which Passed the Decree (S. 37)
—Court by which Decree may be Executed (Ss. 38-46)
—Questions to be determined by Courts Executing the Decree (S. 47)
—Procedure in Execution (Ss. 51, 52)
—Arrest and Detention (Ss. 55- 59)

Judgments:
Chekka Krishna Prasad v. Kotha Appa, 1998 (2) ALT 45.
UNIT- III

—Supplementary Proceedings (Ss. 94, 95 & Order XXXVIII, XXXIX, XL)
—Commissions (Ss. 75-78 & Order XXVI)
—Properties liable to Attachment (S. 60)
—Public Nuisance & other Wrongful Acts Affecting the Public (Ss. 91-93)
—Appeal From Original Decrees (Ss. 96-99 &Order XLI)
—Appeal from Appellate Decrees (Ss. 100-103 & Order XLII)
—Appeal from Orders (Ss.104 - 106 & Order XLIII)

Judgments:

UNIT- IV

—Reference (S.113 & Order XLVI)
—Review (S.114 & Order XLVII)
—Revision (S.115)
—Inherent Powers of Court (Ss. 151)

Limitation Act, 1963:
----Definitions (S. 2)
—Bar of Limitation (S. 3)
—Extension of Prescribed Period (S. 5)
—Extension of time (Ss. 6 & 7)
—Continuity of Running of Time (S. 9)
—Computation of the Period of Limitation (Ss. 12-24)

Judgments:

Suggested Readings:
CK Thakkar:    Civil Procedure Code.
J D Jain:            Indian Limitation Act

References:
Paper-II LABOUR LAW II

Time: 3 Hrs.  Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:

The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.  

20 Marks

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.  

48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.  

32 Marks

UNIT- I

Workmen Compensation Act, 1923
Payment of Wages Act, 1936  

Judgments:
Bandhu Mukti Morch v. UOI AIR 1984 SC 802.

UNIT- II

Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
Equal Remuneration Act, 1976  

Judgments::
Municipal Corporation of Delhi v. Female Workers (Muster Roll) AIR 2000 SC 1274

UNIT- III

The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970
The Bonded Labour System (Abolition) Act, 1976
Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946  

Judgments:
Cipla Ltd. V. Maharashtra General Kamgar Union and others (2001) I L.L.J (SC)

UNIT- IV

The Factories Act, 1948
Constitutional Provisions against Child Labour in India
Child Labour Prohibition Act, 1986
Judgments:
Hayath Khan v. The Deputy Labour Commissioner ILR 2005 KAR 6001
Peoples Union for democratic rights & others v. UOI AIR 1982 SC 1473

Suggested Readings:
S.N.Mishra: Law of Industrial Labour Relations

References:
S.C.Srivastava : Industrial Relations and Labour Law
**UNIT-I**

**Environment:**
- Meaning of environment
- Origin of Environment Law (National and International perspective)
  - The Stockholm Conference 1972
  - The Brundtland Commission 1983
  - Concept of Sustainable Development; Precautionary Principle; Polluter Pays Principle
  - Environmental Pollution and its various causes

**Constitutional Provisions:**
- Fundamental Rights and Environment Protection
- Directive Principles of State Policy and Environment Protection
- Fundamental Duties and Environment Protection
- Writ Jurisdiction and Prevention of Environmental Pollution

**Fundamental Principles of Environmental Protection:**
- Inter-generational and Intra-generational Equity
- Public Trust Doctrine
- Concept of Environmental Impact Assessment

**Judgments:**
- Indian council for enviro legal action v. union of India AIR 1996 SC 1446
- Vellore citizens welfare forum v. Union of India AIR 1996 SC 2715
UNIT - II
The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974:
- Sources of Water Pollution
- Effects of Water Pollution
- Definitions
- Composition, Functions and Powers of the Boards
- Prevention and Control of Water Pollution
- Penalties and Procedure
- Miscellaneous Provisions
Noise Pollution:
- Definitions
- Noise Pollution Control and Constitutional Provisions
- Control of Noise Pollution under Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000
Judgments:
U.P. Pollution Control Board v. Modi Distillery and Ors., AIR 1988 SC 112

UNIT - III
The Environment Protection Act, 1986:
- Scope and Commencement of the Act
- Definitions
- Powers of Central Government to Protect and Improve Environment
- Penalty for contravention of the Provisions of the Act
- Offences by Companies and Government Departments
- Bar of Jurisdiction
The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981:
- Sources of Air Pollution
- Effects of Air Pollution
- Definitions
- Composition, Functions and Powers of the Boards
- Prevention and Control of Air Pollution
- Penalties and Procedure
- Miscellaneous Provisions

UNIT - IV
THE Wild Life Protection ACT, 1972:
- Constitutional Mandate to Protect Wild Life
- Composition, Powers and Functions of the Authorities under the Act
- Hunting of Wild Animals
- Protected Areas
- Central Zoo Authority and Recognition of Zoo
- Trade and Commerce in Wildlife
- Prohibition of Trade and Commerce in Trophies, Animal Articles
LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER-V)

- Prevention and Detection of Offences
- Penalties

**The National Green Tribunal Act, 2010:**
- Salient Features

**Judgments:**
Tarun Bharat Sangh v. Union of India AIR 1992 (Sariska case)
Indian Handicrafts Emporium v. Union of India AIR 2003
Vardhman Kaushik v. Union of India 2014 NGT Principal Bench, New Delhi

**Suggested Readings:**
Dr. Paramjit S. Jaswal n Dr. Nishtha Jaswal, Environmental Law, Allahabad law Agency
Dr SC Tripathi, Environmental Law, Central Law Publications

**References:**
Prof. Satish C. Shastri, Environmental Law, Eastern Book Company
Shyam Diwan and Armin Rosencranz, Environmental Law and Policy in India
P. leelakrishnan, Environmental Law in India
Gurdip Singh, Environmental law in India
M.C. Mehta & Ors. v. union of India, AIR 1987 (Oleum gas leakage or shriram food and fertilizer case)
M.C. Mehta v. Kamal Nath and others 1997 SCC 388
M.C. Mehtav. Union of India AIR 2002 SC 1696 (CNG Vehicles Case)
D.D. Viyas and Ors. v. Ghaziabad Development Authority, Ghaziabad and Anr. AIR 1993 ALL. 57
Municipal council, Ratlam v. shri Vardhichand n ors, AIR 1980 SC 1622
Charan Lal Sahu v. Union of India, 1990 Scc 613
Paper-IV Opt (i)  CONSUMER PROTECTION AND COMPETITION LAW

Time: 3 Hrs.  Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:
Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.  
Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.  
Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.  

UNIT- I
-United Nations and Consumer Protection  
-History and Need for Consumer Protection  
-Consumer Rights under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986  
-Consumer Protection Councils  
Judgment:  
Indian Medical Council v. V.P. Shantha, (1995) 6 SCC 651  

UNIT- II
-Redressal Mechanism under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986  
-Amendments to CPA  
-Suggested Amendments in 2016  
-Consumer Participation in the Post Globalised Era  
Judgments:  
Laxmi Engineering Works v. P.S.G Industrial Institute,(1995) 3 SCC 583  
Spring Meadows Hospital v. Harjot Ahluwalia, 1998(4) SCC 39  

UNIT- III
Developments in the Consumer Protection Law in India  
-Group Actions and the Consumer Protection Law  
-Business Self-Regulation and Consumer Protection Law  
-Emergence of the Movement for Green Consumerism
Non-Legal Measures for Consumer Protection
-Consumer Education
-Lobbying
-Boycotting

Judgments:

UNIT- IV

Competition Act, 2002:
-Objectives
-Definitions
-Constitution
-Procedure of Competition Commission
-Inquiry,
-Reference
-Penalties, Powers, Execution
-Compensation for Contravention
-Penalty for failure to comply with directions
-Penalty for non-furnishing of information on combinations.
-Competition Appellate Tribunal

Judgments:
MarutiUdyog Ltd. v. V. M. Goel, (2002)3 CPJ 167 (NC)
Biman Krishna Bose v. United India Insurance Co Ltd., (2001) 6 SCC 477

Suggested Readings:

References:
Paper-IV Opt (ii) LAW RELATING TO BIO–TECHNOLOGY AND BREEDERS RIGHT

Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.

UNIT- I

Medical Practices, Malpractices and Law
Biotechnology –Scope & Aspects and the Legal efforts in the fields of-
Application on Plants, Animals, Humans
Genetic Engineering-Origin and Development
Gene Organization and expression, Stem Cells and its transfer, Gene Isolation, Identification, Cloning of Specific Gene

UNIT- II

Confidentially and Privilege
Concept of “Informed Consent”
Patients Rights of Full Disclosure of Course of Therapy, including side effects of Drugs

UNIT- III

Artificial Insemination
Recombinant DNA, Expression of induced gene, Agreement on Trade Related aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPs Art. 27(3) (b))
Convention on Biological Diversity Act,1992 (Overview, Cartgere Protocol on Biosoft 20000 Overview)
Benefits-Sharing

UNIT- IV

The Protection of Plant Varieties and the Farmers Rights Act,2001-Objects Evolution
The Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers Rights Authority and Registers
Registration, Duration and Effects.
Farmers Rights ss-46: Definition, Companies FAO Resolution/89
Plant Verities Protection Appellate Tribunal Ss 54-59
Infringement, Offences, Penalties and Procedures Ss 64-97
LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER-V)

Suggested Readings:

References:
Indian Reference Annual, Publications Division, Ministry of IB, Govt. of India, New Delhi.
U.Baxi, Biotechnology and Legal Order: Dilemmas of Future of Law and Human Future.
Ashbourn, J.: Practical Biometrics- From Aspiration to Implementation, Springer Verlag, 2004
Paper-IV Opt (iii)  INDIRECT TAXATION

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.  

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.  

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.  

UNIT- I

Goods and Service Tax Act 2017
- Concept and Need of GST and comparative study of Canada, Australia and United States of America
- Differences and Similarities between previous tax regime and present Act
- Benefits of GST over Previous Tax regime

Central Goods and Service Tax Act 2017
- Definitions of GST Act (Sec2)
- Levy and collection of tax
- Exemption of Tax
- Registration
- E- Commerce provisions

UNIT- II

- National Anti-Profiteering Authority in GST
- GST Council
- Appeals

State GST Act 2017
- Impact of GST on State Revenue
- Indemnifying State revenue losses
- Punjab Goods and Services Tax

UNIT- III

Inter State GST Act 2017
- Concept Of Inter State Goods and Service Act 2017
- Inter State Transactions and Imported Goods and Services
- Power of Centre government to levy tax on Interstate Taxable Supply
Union Territory GST Act 2017
- Concept
- Definitions (sec 2)
- Administration and levy and collection (sec 3-6)
- Nature of supply and place of supply of goods
- Apportionment and Settlement of funds.

Suggested Readings:
Taxman: GST Acts with Rules & Forms (Bare Act) 2017
Nitiya Tax Associates: Basics of GST, August 2016 by Taxman
LVR Prasad & GJ Kiran Kumar: GST: A Brief Introduction, P K Publishers
null
Suggested Readings:

K.C. Kailasam, Ramu Vedaraman: Law of Trade Marks & Geographical Indications
Law, Practice and Procedure.
B.L. Wadehra : Law Relating to Patents, Trade Marks, Copyrights, Designs and
Geographical Indication.
Supriyo Chakraborty: Biodiversity.
LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER-V)

Paper-IV Opt (v) LAW RELATING TO TRADE SECRETS AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100
Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit. 20 Marks

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit. 48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions. 32 Marks

UNIT- I
— Meaning/Definition of a Trade Secret
— Scope of Trade Secrets Law
Intersection of Trade Secret Law with other Areas of Law
Differentiation from other Intellectual Property

UNIT- II
— Requirements for the Existence of a Trade Secret
— Limitations on Trade Secret Rights
— Trade Secret Misappropriation and Remedies
— Advantages and Disadvantages of Trade Secrets

UNIT- III
— Trade Secrets and Computerization
— Trade Secrets & Confidential Information
— Protection of Trade Secrets in India

UNIT- IV
— WTO – TRIPS Agreement
Sanjay Kumar Kedia v Narcotics Control Bureau and Anr. 2007 (12) SCR; 2008 (2) SCC 294
Aneeta Handa v M/s. Godfather Travels, 28 April 2012, Supreme Court
Paper-V Opt (i)  INTERNATIONAL HUMANITARIAN LAW AND REFUGEE LAW

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

**Section-A:** It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit. **20 Marks**

**Section-B:** It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit. **48 Marks**

**Section-C:** It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions. **32 Marks**

**UNIT- I**

Introduction to International Humanitarian Law
Nature and Definition of IHL
Historical Background and Origins of IHL
Inter-state resort to force and international law – Prohibition and Exceptions
Use of Force and International Humanitarian Law (IHL)

**UNIT- II**

Relationship between *ius ad bellum* and *ius in bello*
Sources of Modern IHL – Customary International Humanitarian Law - Development of the Geneva Conventions and Additional Protocols
Concept of War-International and Non-International Conflicts

**UNIT- III**

Relationships between IHL and International Human Right Law (IHRL)
The Problem of Applicability of Human Rights law in Armed Conflict
Definition of refugees and displaced persons their problems
The UN Relief and Rehabilitation Administration and other International Refugee Organization: International Protection

**UNIT- IV**

Protection under national laws
Strategies to combat refugee problem
Repartition, resettlement local integration and rehabilitation
Role of UNHCR in Refugee Protection
Paper-V Opt (ii) CRIMINOLOGY, PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY

Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100
Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:
Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit. 20 Marks
Section- B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit. 48 Marks
Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions. 32 Marks

UNIT- I
-Nature, Scope and Objectives of Criminology
-Penology- Meaning, Concept and Objective
-Relationship with Criminal Law
-Schools of Criminology

UNIT- II
-Methods of Studying Crime and Criminals
-Crime Causation: Physiological Psychological and Sociological, Economic, Mental, Family and Mass Media
-Probation of offenders Act, 1958

UNIT- III
-Parole: Meaning, Principles, Distinction with Probation, Supervision during Parole
-White collar crimes
-Juvenile Delinquency, Main Features Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015

UNIT- IV
-Capital Punishment, Desirability, Judicial attitude in India as to imposition
-Victimology
-Compensation to victim and other Remedial Measures

Judgments:
State of Gujarat &Anr. v. Hon’ble High Court of Gujarat, AIR 1998 SC 3164

Suggested Readings:
J.P.S. Sirohi: Criminology and Criminal Administration
V.N. Paranjape: Criminology and Penology

References:
Ahmed Siddique: Criminology: Problems and Perspectives
Sutherland: Principles of Criminology
Malimath Committee Report 2003
Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit. 20 Marks

Section- B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit. 48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions. 32 Marks

UNIT- I

Computer and its role in day to day life
Advantages and Disadvantages of Internet Technology
Understanding Cyber Crimes
Defining Crime
Crime in the Context of Internet- Actus Res/ Mens Rea
The Indian Penal Law and Cyber Crimes
Fraud
Hacking
Mischief
Trespass
Defamation
Stalking
Spamming

Judgment:

UNIT- II

Information Technology Act 2000
Need, Aims, Objectives and Applications [UNIT- I 1]
Definitions [UNIT- I 2]
Attribution of records
Certifying Authority [UNIT- Is 30-34]
Cyber contraventions and penalty [UNIT- Is 43-45]
Offences and extra territorial jurisdiction [UNIT- Is 65-77]
Intermediary not liable in certain cases [UNIT- I 2 (w), 79]
Investigation and procedure of search and seizure [UNIT- Is 78 & 80]
Amendments under IT Act 2008.

**Judgments**

**UNIT - III**

**Obscenity and Pornography on the Internet**
Internet Social Sites and Potential of Obscenity
International endeavours to Regulate Obscenity and Pornography
Indian Information Technology Law on Obscenity and Pornography

**Judgments**
Ranjit Udeshi v. State of Maharashtra, AIR 1965 SC 881

**UNIT - IV**

**Cyber Ethics**
Computers and Free Speech
Privacy and Freedom Issues
Ethics and Etiquettes in Cyberspace
Responsibilities of Cybercitizen

**Suggested Amendments to the existing Indian Information Technology Laws and Rationale for New Legislation to regulate internet**

**Judgments:**
Ajay Goswami v. Union of India, (2007) 1 SCC 170
Shreya Singhal v. Union of India, AIR 2015SC 1523

**Suggested Readings:**
1 Pavan Duggal: Cyber Law- The Indian Perspective, Saakshar Publications, New Delhi, 2002.

**References:**
1 Harish Chander: PHI, 2012
Paper-V Opt (iv)  WOMEN AND LAW

Time: 3 Hrs.  Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.  20 Marks

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.  48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.  32 Marks

UNIT- I
—Historical Study of Position of Women in India
—Constitutional Provisions to Protect Interests of Women
—Reservation for Women
—Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act,1986

Judgments:
Rupan Deol Bajaj v. KPS Gill 1995 SCC (Cr.) 1089.

UNIT- II
—Provisions in the Indian Penal Code Relating to Women as Amended Up to date:
Ss. 292-293,354,493 to 498 A, 304B, 366 to 366B, 375 to 376 E, 509
—Marital Rape in India
—Salient Recommendations of Verma and Usha Mehra Committees Reports
—Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (Regulation and Prevention of Misuse) Act, 1994 as Amended in 2003

Judgments:
CEHAT Masum & Sabu George v. Union of India, 2001 (3) SCR 534.
Anil Kumar Malhotra and Others v.Dr.Mangla Dogra and Others C.A. No. 4705/2013.
UNIT- III
—Sexual Harassment of Women at Work Place (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013
—Information Technology Act, 2000
—Inequalities Against Women in Personal Laws

Judgments:

UNIT- IV
—Uniform Civil Code
—Surrogacy in India
—Domestic Violence Act, 2005
—Live in Relationship and Rights of Women

Judgments:
Indra Sarma v. V.K.V. Sarma SLP (Cr.) No. 4895 of 2012.

Suggested Readings:
Monica Chawla, Gender Justice: Women and Law in India
Diwan and Diwan, Women and Legal Protection
S.C. Tripathi, Women and Law

References:
Lina Gonslaves, Women and the Law
K. Kumar and Punam Rani, Offences Against Women: Socio-Legal Perspective
Verma Committee Report, 2013
Usha Mehra Committee Report, 2013
Paper V Opt (v)  OFFENCES AGAINST CHILD & JUVENILE DELINQUENCY

Time: 3 Hrs.  Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.  20 Marks

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.  48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.  32 Marks

UNIT- I
CHILD-Meaning (as provided in different enactments)
Vulnerable Children; Child Rights & Child Protection

UNIT- II
Child relating offences under IPC
Immoral Traffic Prevention Act, 1956 (special reference to minors)

UNIT- III
Nature and causes of the Problem of Juvenile Delinquency
Theories applicable to Juvenile Delinquency

UNIT- IV
Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children Act, 2000)
Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012

Suggested Readings:

References:
Indian Penal Code
Juvenile Justice Act, 2000
The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012
1. Two Moot Court (Civil)
   (5 Marks for Written Submission and 5 marks for Oral Advocacy) 20 Marks
   Observance of one trial (Civil) 15 Marks

   a) Each student will observe one interviewing sessions of clients at the Lawyer’s office/ Legal Aid Office and record the proceedings in a diary, which will carry 8 marks.
   b) Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the Advocate and the procedure for the filling of suit/petition. This will be recorded in the diary, which will carry 7 marks.

Minimum Period of Internship: Each registered student shall have completed minimum of twelve weeks internship for three years course and twenty weeks in five year stream. Provided that internship in any year cannot be for a continuous period of more than four weeks.
Paper-I  DRAFTING, PLEADING & CONVEYANCING

Guidelines for Paper Setters:

The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit. 20 Marks

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit. 48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions. 32 Marks

UNIT- I
- General Principles of Drafting
- Kinds of deeds
- Components parts of deed
- Kinds of Writs
- Pleadings

UNIT- II
Civil: Suit for Damage for Defamation.
Written Statement
Interlocutory Applications
Affidavit
Execution Application for Final Decree
Memorandum of Appeal and Revision

UNIT- III
Pleadings
- Criminal Complaints Under section 324, 504 / 506 IPC
- Application for Exemption from Appearance by the Accused
- Bail Application under sections of Cr.P.C.(167(2), 389, 436, 437, 438,439)
- Memo of Appeal and Revision
- Drafting of Agreements

UNIT- IV
Conveyancing:
- Sale Deed
- Mortgage Deed
- Lease Deed
- Gift Deed
- Power of Attorney
- Will
Paper-II  

Time: 3 Hrs.  

Guidelines for Paper Setters:  
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:  

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.  

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.  

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.  

UNIT- I  

Indian Evidence Act, 1872:  
—Definitions and Relevancy of Facts Ss. 1-16  
—Admissions, Confessions Ss. 17-31  

Judgments:  

UNIT- II  

—Statements by persons who cannot be called as Witnesses Ss. 32-33  
—Opinion of Third Persons when Relevant Ss.45 to 51  
—Character when Relevant Ss. 52 to 55 —Facts which Need Not be Proved Ss.56 to 58  
—Modes of Proof and Oral Evidence Ss. 59, 60  

Judgments:  

UNIT- III  

—Documentary Evidence Ss. 61-73  
—Burden of Proof Ss. 101-114  
—Presumption as to Absence of Consent S.114-A  
—Estoppel S. 115  

Judgments:  
Vijayee Singh and Ors v. State of UP 1990 SCR (2) 573.  
UNIT- IV

—Competence of Witnesses Ss. 118-20
—Communication during Marriage and Professional Communication Ss. 122 & 126
—Evidence of Accomplice Ss.133,134
—Examination of Witnesses Ss. 135-166
—Improper Admission and Rejection of Evidence Ss. 167

Judgments:
Raj Kumar @ Guddu v. The State of Delhi CRL.A No. 1472/2010.

Suggested Readings:
Dr. Avtar Singh: Principles of the Law of Evidence
Batuk Lal: Law of Evidence

References:
Munir : Law of Evidence
Rattan Lal and Dhiraj Lal : Law of Evidence
Paper-III  ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Time: 3 Hrs.  Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.  
20 Marks

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.  
48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.  
32 Marks

UNIT- I

Meaning of Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR)

Concept and importance of ADR

Advantages and Limitations of ADR

ADR techniques and process:
- Negotiation
- Mediation
- Conciliation - Difference between mediation and conciliation
- Arbitration - difference between Arbitration and conciliation
- Lok Adalats
- Resolving dispute by Panchayats

Judgments:

MMTC Ltd. v. Sterlite Industries (India) Ltd. AIR 1997 SC 605.

Grid Corporation of Orissa Ltd. v. Indian Charge Chrome Ltd. AIR 1998 SC 1761.
UNIT- II

The Arbitration and conciliation Act 1996
- Objectives of the Act
- Domestic Arbitration:
  Definition of Arbitration, Arbitrator, Arbitration Agreement, Composition of Arbitral tribunal, Jurisdiction of Arbitral tribunal, Conduct of Arbitral proceedings, Making of Arbitral award, Termination of proceedings, Setting aside of arbitral award, finality and enforcement award, appeals.

Judgments:
Tamil Nadu Electricity Board v. Bridge tunnel construction AIR 1997 SC 1376.

UNIT- III

Conciliation
- Appointment of Conciliator
- Stage of conciliation proceedings
- Settlement Agreement
- Termination of conciliation proceedings
Conciliation proceeding in CPC 1908 (UNIT- I 89, Order 10, Rule 1A, 1B, 1C)
Conciliation proceeding in Industrial Disputes Act 1947
Conciliation proceeding in Family Disputes (Family Courts Act 1984)

Judgments:
Haresh Dayaram Thakur V. State of Maharashtra AIR 2000 (6) SCC 2281

UNIT- IV

Enforcement of Certain foreign awards
- New York Convention
- Geneva Convention
Meaning of International Commercial Arbitration
Importance of International Commercial Arbitration

Efforts of United Nation Commission on International Trade Law (UNCITRAL)

UNCITRAL Conciliation Rules 1980

**Judgment:**

Venture Global Engineering V. Satyam Computer Services Ltd. AIR 2008 SC 221

**Suggested Reading:**

- Alternative dispute resolution system - Dr. S.R. Myneni
- Alternative dispute resolution system - S.C. Tripathi
- Law of Arbitration and Conciliation - Avtar Singh

**Reference Books:**

- Law of Arbitration and Conciliation, B.P. Saraf and M. Jhunjhunuwala,
- The Arbitration and Conciliation, G.K. Kwatra.
- Public Interest Lawyering, Legal Aid & Para Legal Services, Ajay Gulati and Jasmeet Gulati.
- Law of Arbitration & ADRS, N.K. Acharaya
- Arbitration & Conciliation Act 1996, P.C. Roy
- 222\textsuperscript{nd} Law Commission Report on Need for Justice - Dispensation through ADR.
- Alternative Dispute Resolution and Mediation Rules, 2005.
Paper-IV  

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE

Time: 3 Hrs.  
Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section- A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.  
20 Marks

Section- B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.  
48 Marks

Section- C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.  
32 Marks

UNIT- I

- Application – Sec 1
- Definitions – Sec 2
- Constitution of Criminal Courts and Offices Sec 6 - 13
- Power of Courts Sec 26 to 35
- Process to Compel Appearances Sec 61 - 90
- Summons
- Warrant of arrest

Judgments:
-Sanjay Suri v. Delhi Adm. AIR 1988 SC 414

UNIT- II

- Proclamation and attachment
- Security Proceedings Sec 106 – 116
- Maintenance Sec 125 - 128
- Urgent Cases of Nuisance or Apprehended danger Sec 144 – 144A
- Disputes as to immovable property Sec 145 - 148
Judgments:
- Manohar Arbat v. Dr. (Mrs) Vijaya. Kashirao Rajaram Sawai & another (1987)1 SCJ524
- Madhulimaya v. SDM Monghyr AIR 1971 SC 2486

UNIT- III
- Information to the Police & Their Powers to Investigate Sec 154 -176
- Commencement of Proceedings before Magistrates Sec 206 -210
- Trial before the Court of Session (Sec 225 – 237)
- Trial of Warrant Cases by Magistrate (238 - 250)
- Trial of Summon Cases by Magistrate (251 - 259)
- Summary Trial (260 - 265)

Judgement

UNIT- IV
- Appeals (372 -394)
- Reference and Revision (395 - 405)
- Bail (434 - 450)
- Limitations (467 - 473)
- Inherent Power of High Court (482)

Judgments
- Moti Ram and Other v. State of MP AIR 1978 SC 1594
- District Registrar and Collector v. Canara Bank (2005) 1 SCC 496

Suggested Readings:
- Rattan Lal Dhiraj Lal : Law of Criminal Procedure
- KNC Pilai : Kelkar’s Criminal Procedure
- DD Basu : Criminal Procedure Code
Paper-V Opt (i) INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS

Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit. 20 Marks

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit. 48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions. 32 Marks

UNIT- I
- Meaning, Classification and Legal Personality of International Institutions
- League of Nations—Composition and Causes of its Failure
- United Nations—Purpose and Principles, Membership and Suspension

UNIT- II
- Security Council—Composition, Functions and Powers, Voting Procedure
- Economic and Social Council
- Trusteeship Council

UNIT- III
- General Assembly—Composition, Functions and Powers, Voting Procedure
- International Court of Justice

UNIT- IV
- Office of the Secretary General
- War and its Effects
- War Crimes- Nuremberg Trial, Tokyo Trial, Rwanda Trial
- Genocide

Suggested Readings:
D.W. Bowett: The Law of International Institutions
R.C. Hingorani: International Law through United Nations
Max Sorenson: Manual of Public International Law
Paper-V Opt (ii) INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS LAW

Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:
Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit. 20 Marks
Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit. 48 Marks
Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions. 32 Marks

UNIT- I

UNIT- II
Role of Amnesty, Red Cross and National Human Rights Commission; Regional Conventions & Bodies—European Commission & Court for Human Rights; Inter-American Convention; African Charter of Human Rights.
Human Rights Education, Teaching and Training

UNIT- III
Human Rights Activism and Role of NGOs.
Human Rights, Peace, Non-Violence, and Conflict Resolution
Implementing Human Rights Standards and Required Legal Aid, Remedies and Reforms
Role of Judiciary, Public Interest Litigation and Media
Role of the police, prisons & courts in the field or human rights;
Rights of the accused;
Prisons and Human Rights– Rights of Prisoners and Prison Reforms; Capital Punishment;
Terrorism and human Rights

UNIT- IV
Protection of Women and Children;
Law relating to prevention of atrocities against Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tribes;
Police atrocities: Role of National Human Rights Commission and State Legal aid.

Suggested Readings
Bhambri C.P. : Indian Politics (2000)

References:
Bottomore, T.B. : Classes in modern society (1965)
Paper-V Opt (iii)  LAND LAWS INCLUDING TENURE AND TENANCY SYSTEM

Time: 3 Hrs.  Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:

The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.  20 Marks

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.  48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions. 32 Marks

UNIT- I

The Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887
Chapter 1, 2, 4 to 9

Judgements:
1. Bachan Kaur and others V. Balwant Singh and others, 1987 PLJ 579
2. Pawan Kumar and others V. Manjeet Singh and others, 1990 PLJ 177

UNIT- II

The Punjab Tenancy Act, 1887
Chapters 1 to 5

Judgements:
2. Illias V. Bashir Ahmed, 1989 PLJ 278

UNIT- III

Punjab Land Reforms Act, 1972

UNIT- IV

Salient Features of The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013

Suggested Readings:
Relevant Bare Acts
1. Neety Kaul: Land Laws in Punjab & Haryana
Paper-V Opt (iv)  

RENT LAW

Time: 3 Hrs.  
Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:

The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.  
20 Marks

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.  
48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.  
32 Marks

UNIT- I

The Punjab Rent Act, 1995(with Amendment Act of 2013)

Historical Background and Origin of this Act
Definitions
Registration of Tenancy Agreement
Payable Rent
Other Charges Payable
Revision of Rent in Certain Cases
Notice of Revision of Rent
Receipt to be given for Rent Paid

UNIT- II

Deposit of Rent by Tenant

Time Limit for making deposit and consequences of incorrect particulars in application for deposit
Duties of Landlord
Duties of Tenant
Cutting off or withholding essential supply of services
Grounds of Eviction of the Tenant

UNIT- III

Right to recovery immediate possession of premises to accrue to certain persons
Right to recovery immediate possession of premises to accrue to members of Armed forces
Right to recovery immediate possession of premises to accrue to Central and State Government Employees
Right to recovery immediate possession of premises to accrue to widows handicapped and old persons
Payment of Rent during eviction proceedings
Restrictions on sub-letting
Notice of Creation and termination of sub-tenancy
Sub-tenant to be tenant in certain cases
Recovery of possession for occupation and re-entry
Recovery of possession for repair
Recovery of possession in case of tenancies for limited period
Special provision for recovery of possession in certain cases

UNIT- IV

Permission to construct additional Structure
Special provisions regarding vacant building sites
Vacant possession to landlord
Appointment of Rent Authorities and Additional Rent Authorities
Power of Rent Authority
Procedure to be followed by Rent Authority
Application to Rent Authority
Jurisdiction, powers and authority of the Tribunal
Application to Appellate Authority
Penalties

Suggested Readings:

D.N. Johar: Rent Law
J.S. Chawla : Rent Restriction In Punjab, Haryana & Himachal.
Paper-V Opt (v) REGULATORY LAWS

Time: 3 Hrs. Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
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Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.

Section- B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.

UNIT-I

The Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (Amendment) Act, 2000
-Definition
-Telecom Regulatory Authority of India
-Power and Functions of Authority
-Appellate Tribunals
-Penalties and Offences Under the Act

The Banking Regulation Act, 1949

UNIT- II

Cable Television Network (Regulation) Act, 1995
-Definitions
-Regulation of Cable Television Network
-Seizure and Confiscation of certain equipment
-Offences and Penalties

UNIT- III

Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881

The Electricity Act, 2003
-Definitions
-National electricity policy and plan
LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER-VI)

- Licensing
- Distribution of Electricity
- Central Electricity Authority
- Regulatory Commissions
- Appellate Tribunal for Electricity
- Offences and Penalties
- Special Courts

The Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999

UNIT- IV

Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934
- Definitions
- Incorporation, Capital, Management and Business
- Central Banking Functions
- Penalties

Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 1999
PUBLIC INTEREST LITIGATION, LEGAL AID AND PARA LEGAL SERVICES

Time: 3 Hrs.  
Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:

The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

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20 Marks

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.  
48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.  
32 Marks

UNIT-I

Meaning, Concept, Need and Significance of Public Interest Litigation
Meaning, Concept, Need and Significance of Legal Aid
Concept of Public Interest Lawyering & Litigation

Judgments:-

Sunil Batra v. Delhi Administration, AIR 1980 SC 1579
Hussainara Khatoon & Ors. v. Home Secretary, State of Bihar, AIR 1979 SC 360.

UNIT-II

Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987 (Ss 1-2, 6-11, 12-13)
Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987 (Ss 19-22)

UNIT-III

Concept and Significance of Lok Adalats
Legal Literacy and Para Legal Services

Judgments:-

S.P. Gupta V. President of India & Others, AIR 1982 SC149
Lawyers' Initiative through R.S. Bains V. State of Punjab, AIR 1996 P & H 1

UNIT-IV

Concept of Mobile Courts, Fast Track Courts, Family Courts, and Camp Courts
Importance of Law Journals, Periodicals and Reporters
Use of Computers and Audio-Visual means in Legal Work
*Participation in Lok Adalats and Legal Aid Camps
Writing of Case Comments and Dissemination of Legal Literacy

Judgments:-

Khatri & Ors. V. State of Bihar & Ors., AIR 1981 SC 928
Suk Das & Anr. V. Union Territory of Arunachal Pradesh, AIR 1986 SC 991.
Suggested Readings:

2. S.S. Sharma, Legal Aid to the Poor.
4. Cases and Materials on Legal Aid and Para Legal Services Edited by V. Nagraj, National Law School of Indian University, Bangalore, 1996.
**LL.B (THREE YEARS COURSE) (SEMESTER-VI)**

**Paper-V Opt (vii)  FORENSIC SCIENCE AND LAW**

**Time: 3 Hrs.**

**Total Marks: 100**

**Guidelines for Paper Setters:**

The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

**Section-A:** It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.  

20 Marks

**Section- B:** It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.  

48 Marks

**Section-C:** It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.  

32 Marks

**UNIT- I**

Forensic Science  
-Definition, Need and Development  
-Basic Tools and Techniques of Forensic Science

**UNIT- II**

Indian Laws Governing Expert Evidence  
-Constitution, Indian Evidence Act, Code of Criminal Procedure Act  
Problem of Proof and Expert Testimony

**UNIT- III**

Medico Legal Aspects:  
-Medico Legal Aspects of Death  
-Medico Legal Aspects of Wounds  
Finger Prints

**UNIT- IV**

Examination  
-Examination of Living Person  
Examination of Blood  
-Examination of Documents  
New Techniques
Suggested Readings:


References:


M.K. Bhasin and S. Nath, Role of Forensic Science in the New Millennium, University of Delhi, Delhi (2002).


Paper:-V Opt (viii)  SOCIO-ECONOMIC OFFENCES

Time: 3 Hrs.  Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:

The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.  20 Marks

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.  48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.  32 Marks

UNIT- I
Concept, Meaning, Emergence and Nature of Socio-Economic Offences
Concept of Mens rea in Socio Economic Offences
Law of Dowry Prohibition in India

Judgments:

UNIT- II
Prevention of Immoral Traffic
Law of Prevention of Food Adulteration

Judgments:
State of Maharashtra v. Indian Hotel and Restaurants Assn. 2013(9) SCALE 47
Swami Achyutanand Tirth v. Union of India 2013(5) SCALE 23

UNIT- III
The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 (UNIT- Is 2 and 42-55)
Law relating to Atrocities against SC/ST
Judgments:

Anil kumar v. M.K.Ajayappa (2013) 10 SCC705  

UNIT- IV

Law relating to Prevention of Sati  
Law relating to Essential Commodities  
Law relating to Manual Scavenging

Judgments:
Safai Karamchari Andolan and Ors. V. Union of India Writ Petition (Civil) No. 583 of 2003

Suggested Readings:
Rattan Singh & Varinder Singh: Socio-Economic Offences in India  
Jaspal Singh: Socio-Economic Offence

References:  
Mahesh Chander: Socio-Economic Offence  
P.J. Gandhi: Socio Economy of India:  
J.P. Singh: Socio Economic Offences  
B.K. Sharma: Economic & Social Offence  
Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961  
The Immoral Traffic Act, 1956  
Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988  
Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954  
The Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006  
Essential Commodities Act, 1955  
The Commission of Sati (Prevention) Act, 1987  
The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985  

Time: 3 Hrs.                      Total Marks: 100

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:
Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit.                      20 Marks
Section- B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit.                      48 Marks
Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions.                      32 Marks

UNIT- I

-Registration Act, 1949

Judgements:
Kishor Chand v. Dharm Pal AIR 1968 (P & H) 385.

UNIT- II

-Court Fee Act, 1870
Judgment:

UNIT- III

-Limitation Act, 1963
-The Suits Valuation Act, 1870
Judgments:
Orient Spinning Mills Ltd. v. Amitabh Textile Mills Ltd. AIR 1972 (1) CWR 41.

UNIT- IV

-Indian Stamps Act, 1899
-Punjab Courts Act
Judgments:
Bishnath v. Collector of Banaras AIR 1973 All 628.
ChandiCharan v. SushilabalaDasi AIR 1955 Cal 144.
Paper:-V Opt (x)  POLICE AND PRISON ADMINISTRATION

Guidelines for Paper Setters:
The syllabus consists of four units & the paper setter is required to set the paper as under:

Section-A: It consists of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in five lines. The paper setter is required to set out not less than two & not more than three questions from each unit. 20 Marks

Section-B: It consists of 12 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to each question is to be in 2 pages. Three questions are to be set from each unit & the candidates are required to attempt two questions from each unit. 48 Marks

Section-C: It consists of four questions of 16 marks. Answer to each question is to be in 5 pages. One question is to be set from each unit and the candidates are required to attempt any two questions. 32 Marks

UNIT- I
Police
-Functions, Development of Police Organisation in India
-Classification, Investigation and Prosecution
-District Police Administration
-Characteristics of a Model Prison Station
-Difficulties of Police
-Judicial Approach and Police

UNIT- II
Crime
-Meaning and Nature
-Special Forms of Crime
-Organized Crime: Organized Crime: Gangs/Criminal Networks, Socio-Economic Crime,


-Measures of Crime Prevention

UNIT- III
The Prison Act, 1894
International Provisions Relating To Rights of Prisoners
Constitutional Safeguards (Article 20-22 of the Constitution Of India)
UNIT- IV

Role of Judiciary in Police Reforms
The Probation of Offenders Act 1958
Correctional Methods of Rehabilitation of Accused Persons
Concept of Parole, Probation
Pen Prison

Suggested Readings:

B.V.Trivedi; Prison Administration in India

References:

Gupta, Anandswarup : Bureau of Police Research and Development, New Delhi, 2007
Dempsey, John S. and :An Introduction to Policing, ThomsonLinda S. Forst Wadsworth, CA, 2005
S.Chand; Prison Administration in India, 1970
1. One Moot Court (Criminal)
   (5 Marks for Written Submission and 5 marks for Oral Advocacy) 10 Marks
   a) Observance of one trial (Criminal) 15 Marks
   b) Each student will observe one interviewing sessions of clients at the Lawyer’s office/ Legal Aid Office and record the proceedings in a diary, which will carry 8 marks.
   c) Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the Advocate and the procedure for the filling of suit/petition. This will be recorded in the diary, which will carry 7 marks.
   d) The fourth component will be viva –voce examination. This will carry 10 marks

Provided that internship in any year cannot be for a continuous period of more than four weeks.